Launching and handover of R2R products and publications to Pacific Island Countries
Identification of priority sites for future upscaling of Ridge to Reef investments in Vanuatu

Assessment of ridge-to-reef management actions in Tagabe watershed and Mole Bay, Vanuatu

Regional Guidelines for Implementing the (modified) R2R Science to Policy Strategic Framework

Regional Guidelines for the Application of Ridge to Reef Spatial Prioritization and Planning Procedures
Implementing a Strategic Environmental Assessment (SEA) in small Pacific islands: lessons learned from the FSM Ridge to Reef project in Pohnpei, Federated States of Micronesia.
What is the Pacific R2R Programme?

The Pacific Ridge to Reef (R2R) Programme is a multi-country, multi-GEF agency programmatic initiative guiding the coordinated investment of US$90 million in GEF grant funding across multiple focal areas of biodiversity conservation, land degradation, climate change adaptation and mitigation, sustainable land management, sustainable forest management, and international waters in Pacific Small Island Developing States (SIDS).

Operating across 14 Pacific Island countries, the programme aims to deliver tangible and quantifiable local and global environmental benefits by focusing on cross-cutting approaches to water, land, and coastal management with linkages across GEF focal areas including: biodiversity, land degradation, international waters, sustainable forest management, climate mitigation and adaptation and capacity development.

The programme is implemented by United Nations Development Programme (UNDP), the United Nations Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO) and the United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP).

Executed regionally by the Pacific Community through the Pacific Regional Ridge to Reef International Waters project (Pacific Regional R2R IW), the R2R Programme is supported by the Regional Programme Coordination Unit (RPELU) in areas of science-based planning, human capital development, policy and strategic planning, results-based management, and knowledge sharing.

Pacific R2R participating countries include: Cook Islands, Federated States of Micronesia, Fiji, Kiribati, Nauru, Niue, Palau, Papua New Guinea, Republic of the Marshall Islands, Samoa, Solomon Islands, Tonga, Tuvalu, and Vanuatu.
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- Produce organic compost for home gardening
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- No cleaning of pig manure
- No odor from pigpen
- Reduce and help avoid water pollution, hence prevent health impact
- Pigs remain clean and healthy

Step by Step Guide
1. Use wire-cutter to cut the side panel to 1.6 meter length (use heavy duty panel wire or something similar that allows proper ventilation).
2. Cut two 1.5 meters posts using 2x2” timber for front post and two 1.1 meter posts using 2x2” timber for the back (local timber is a good alternative).
3. Tie the side panel with post using tie wire.
4. For roofing, drill 2 holes in the corner of 2x4 (1.6 meters length) and insert each to the four posts (front and back). Cut to 2.4 meters each of the five lengths from 2x2” timber as roofing rafters as shown in the design.
5. Fill the pigpen with bedding using dry leaves and related materials.
6. Compostable dry litter shall be added daily to the pen, and especially placing dry litter materials on top of any pig manure.
7. Remove excessive compost material once the height of the compost measures 10mm above the pigpen ground level.
8. Regularly remove used materials and manure and add to compost pile outside.

Materials & Tools
- Four 2.6 meters square heavy duty wire
- Two 1.5 meters 2x2” timber
- Two 1.1 meters 2x2” timber
- Five 2.4 meters 2x2” timber
- Tie wire and plier

Alternative design using local materials

For more Information Contact
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Bileenbuu Tarawa

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